Rare Plants of Louisiana

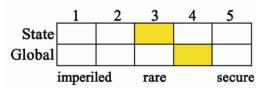






Sarracenia psittacina - parrot pitcher plant Pitcher Plant Family (Sarraceniaceae)

Rarity Rank: S3/G4



Range: AL, FL, GA, LA, MS

Recognition:

- A "carnivorous" plant with "pitchers" for trapping invertebrates
- Leaves ("pitchers") reclining or sprawling, to ca 30 cm tall, with a helmet-like apex
- Flower stalks 15 to 35 cm tall each with a single nodding flower
- Petals maroon, sepals maroon on the outside and green on inside

Flowering Time: April (later in year following fire)

Light Requirement: Full sun to part shade

Wetland Indicator Status:

FACW – usually in wetlands

Habitat:

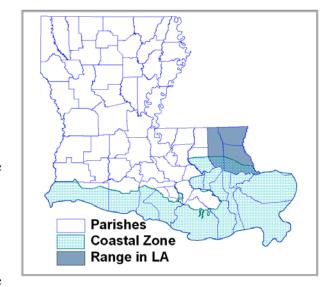
Wet longleaf pine savannahs and hillside seepage bogs.

Threats:

- Residential and commercial development
- Conversion to slash or loblolly pine plantations
- Hydrological alterations (e.g. ditching, dense tree spacing)
- Soil damage from timber harvesting and planting activities (e.g. bedding)
- Fire exclusion or inappropriate fire timing
- Off-road vehicle use

Beneficial Management Practices:

- Use of growing season prescribed fire (April-June) at a frequency of every 1 to 3 years
- No logging during wet periods when the soil is saturated
- No bedding, plowed fire lines or other soil disturbance that may alter natural water flow patterns
- Prohibit off-road vehicle use, or restrict use to pre-existing trails



LA River Basins: Pearl, Pontchartrain

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Sarracenia psittacina leaves, which are usually reclining and possess helmet-like apices, resembling parrots.

References:

Godfrey, R. K. and J. W. Wooten. 1981. Aquatic and wetland plants of southeastern United States: dicotyledons. University of Georgia Press. Athens, GA. 933 pp.

Nelson, G. 2005. East Gulf Coastal Plain wildflowers. The Globe Pequot Press. Guilford, CT. 263 pp.

USDA, NRCS. 2007. The PLANTS Database (http://plants.usda.gov). National Plant Data Center, Baton Rouge, LA 70874-4490 USA.